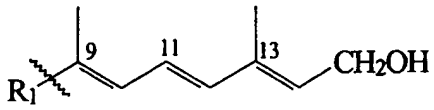
Listing of Claims:

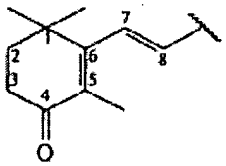
The following Listing of Claims is a complete listing of all claims, and replaces any prior listing made in this application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a subject suffering from ~~a disorder characterized by abnormal cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation~~ lung cancer or leukemia, comprising administering to the subject in need of such treatment a pharmaceutically effective dose of a growth factor receptor inhibitor and a retinoid wherein:

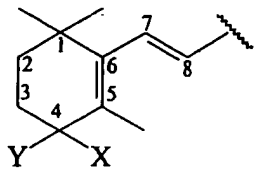
the retinoid is selected from the group of retinoid D with an alcohol CH_2OH terminal side chain, an ester of retinoid D having an ester bond, an ether of retinoid D having an ether bond, retinoid D where the alcohol CH_2OH terminal side chain is replaced with an aldehyde CHO terminal side chain, retinoid D with a carboxylic acid at the terminal side chain wherein each of the ester bond and the ether bond is formed with the oxygen at the terminal side chain of Retinoid D and wherein retinoid D with the alcohol CH_2OH terminal side chain has the structure:



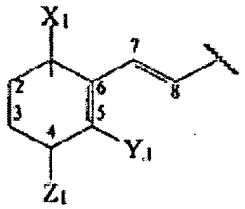
wherein the configuration at the 7-, 9-, 11- and 13-position double bonds is independently Z or E and wherein R_1 is selected from the group of



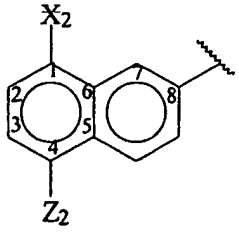
wherein the keto group at the 4-position is free or protected, or is replaced by a thioketone group which is free or protected or is replaced by C_{1-6}-alkylidene group;



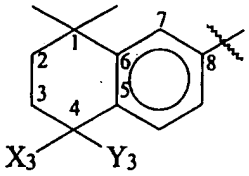
wherein X is selected from the group of hydrogen and C_{1-6}-alkyl and Y is selected from the group of C_{1-6}-alkyl, hydroxyl, C_{1-6}-alkoxyl, C_{1-6}-acyloxyl, halide, azide, sulfhydryl, amine and C_{1-6}-alkyl substituted amino and wherein the absolute configuration at the 4-position is independently R or S;



wherein X_1, Y_1 are independently selected from the group of hydrogen, C_{1-6}-alkyl, hydroxyl, C_{1-6}-alkoxyl, C_{1-6}-acyloxyl, halide, azide, sulfhydryl, amine and C_{1-6}-alkyl substituted amino and Z_1 is selected from the group of C_{1-6}-alkyl, hydroxyl, C_{1-6}-alkoxyl, C_{1-6}-acyloxyl, halide, azide, sulfhydryl, amine and C_{1-6}-alkyl substituted amino;



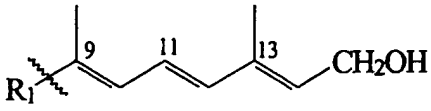
wherein X_2 is selected from the group of hydrogen, C_{1-6}-alkyl, hydroxyl, C_{1-6}-alkoxyl, C_{1-6}-acyloxyl, halide, azide, sulfhydryl, amine and C_{1-6}-alkyl substituted amino and Z_2 is selected from the group of C_{1-6}-alkyl, hydroxyl, C_{1-6}-alkoxyl, C_{1-6}-acyloxyl, halide, azide, sulfhydryl, amine and C_{1-6}-alkyl substituted amino;



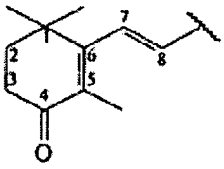
wherein X_3 and Y_3 are independently selected from the group of hydrogens, C_{1-6}-alkyl, hydroxyl, C_{1-6}-alkoxyl, C_{1-6}-acyloxyl, halide, azide, sulfhydryl, amine and

C_{1-6}-alkyl substituted amino so long as X_3 and Y_3 are not both hydrogens.

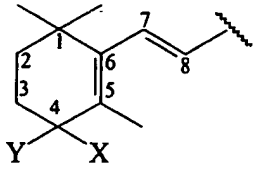
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the retinoid retinoid D with the alcohol CH_2OH terminal side chain has the structure:



wherein the configuration at the 7-, 9-, 11- and 13-position double bonds is independently Z or E and wherein R_1 is selected from the group of:



wherein the keto group at the 4-position is free or protected; and



wherein X is selected from the group of hydrogen and C_{1-6}-alkyl and Y is selected from the group of hydroxy and C_{1-6}-alkyoxyl and wherein the absolute configuration at the 4-position is independently R or S.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the retinoid is retinoid D with an alcohol CH_2OH terminal side chain.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the retinoid is selected from the group of 4-oxo-retinol, 4-oxo-retinoic acid, 4-oxo-retinal, and 4-oxo-retinyl ester.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the retinoid is all-trans 4-oxo-retinol or an isomer thereof.

6. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the retinoid is 4-hydroxy-retinol.

7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the retinoid is 4-methoxy-retinol.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said growth factor receptor is EGF receptor.

9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said EGF receptor inhibitor is an EGF receptor antibody.

10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein said antibody is C-225.

11. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said EGF receptor inhibitor is an inhibitor of tyrosine kinase activity mediated by EGF receptors.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said EGF receptor inhibitor is IRESSA®

13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein said growth factor receptor is TGF-alpha.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising administering to the subject a vitamin D analog.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the vitamin D analog is selected from the group of cholecalciferol, calcifediol, calcitriol, calcipotriol, ergocalciferol, dihydrotachysterol, 1,25-dihydroxyergocalciferol, and 25-hydroxydihydrotachysterol.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the vitamin D analog is calcitriol.

17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 15, wherein the vitamin D analog is calcipotriol.

18. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising administering to said subject at least one chemotherapy agent.

19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 further comprising treating said subject with irradiation.

20 -21. (Cancelled)

22. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a subject suffering from ~~a disorder characterized by abnormal cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation~~ lung cancer or leukemia, comprising administering to the subject in need of such treatment a pharmaceutically effective dose of a growth factor receptor inhibitor and a retinoid that binds and/or transactivates a Retinoic Acid Receptor or RXR.

23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the retinoid is selected from the group of retinoic acid, retinamide, bexarotene and tazarotene.

24. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the Retinoid Acid receptor (RAR) is selected from the group of: RARα, RARβ and RARγ.

25. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the RXR is selected from the group of: RXRα, RXRβ and RXRγ.

26. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the retinoic acid is selected from the group of isomers of: all-trans-retinoic acid, 9-cis-rtinoic acid and 13-cis-retinoic acid.

27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein the retinoid is bexarotene, the disorder is non small cell lung cancer and the growth factor receptor inhibitor is IRESSA®.

28 - 47 (Cancelled)

48. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a subject suffering from lung cancer or leukemia, comprising administering to the subject in need of such treatment a pharmaceutically

effective dose of a growth factor receptor inhibitor; a retinoid; a vitamin D analog; and a chemotherapy agent.

49. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 48, wherein said lung cancer is non small cell lung cancer, said retinoid is 4-oxo-retinol, said viatmin D analog is calcitriol, said growth factor receptor inhibitor is IRESSA® and said chemotherapy agent is cisplatin.